



3-5



10+



30mn

The Dwarf King

Bruno Faidutti

As everybody knows, dwarves have beards and their king has the longest! So the King of Dwarves is a bearded guy who is even more bearded than the others ...

Contents

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- 39 basic cards (3 suits with 13 cards each, from 2 to A)
- 14 special cards (three cards with a value of 1, six cards with a value of 11 in one of the three suits, and 5 suit-less magic cards)



The basic cards and the special cards come in three suits:

- Knight (Blue)
- Dwarf (Green)
- Goblin (Red)



- 20 Quest tiles (they determine how to win or lose points during the ongoing hand)



Shuffle the tiles, the 39 basic cards and the 14 special cards separately.

Goal of the game

The player with the highest total score after seven hands wins the game. A different scoring rule is chosen for each hand.



Hand of player 1



Tricks taken by player 1

Card draw pile



Quest draw pile



Active quest



Tricks taken by player 3



Tricks in play



Hand of player 3



Hand of player 2



Tricks taken by player 2

The quest determines how many points are scored during the present hand.

Briefly put, the goal is to take tricks (each card or trick taken wins you points) **OR** to avoid taking tricks (each card or trick taken would then make you lose points).

Note: a trick designates the cards that have been played during a turn and that have been collected (taken) by the player that played the highest card. A hand designates both the cards in a player's hand and the succession of tricks played with the players' hands.

Setup

A game of King of Dwarves is played in **seven hands**.

- **3-player game:** the 2 of Dwarves is permanently removed from the game. Each hand is played with the remaining 38 cards and a special card.
- **4-or-5-player game:** each hand is played with 40 cards : the 39 basic cards and a random special card.

Dealing the cards

The first dealer is the owner of the game. Afterwards, the dealer is always the player who took the **5 of Dwarves** in the previous hand. The dealer draws the first of the special cards, reveals it and explains its effect to all the other players. The dealer then shuffles this card with the 39 basic cards (38 for 3 players) and



Summary of the three 5s:

- **5 of Dwarves:** the player who took it in the previous hand is the dealer for the next hand, and draws the special card.
 - **5 of Knights:** the player who has it in hand draws the Quest tile and chooses the scoring rule for the ongoing hand.
 - **5 of Goblins:** the player who has it in hand leads the first trick.
- Note: to lead is to play the first card in a trick.**

deals the cards, the same number to each player (8 cards per player for a 5-player game, 10 cards per player for a 4-player game, 13 cards per player for a 3-player game).

The player who has the **5 of Knights** must show it. He draws the top Quest tile from the pile, reads the two scoring rules written on it, and chooses one, explaining it to the other players.

The text of the scoring rules always refer to the cards or tricks taken by the players, not to the cards they have in hand at the start of the hand.

Playing a hand

At the start of a hand, the player who has the **5 of Goblins** must show it. He has to lead the first trick by playing the card of his/her choice (not necessarily the **5 of Goblins**). Afterwards, each trick is led by the player who took the previous one. A suit called must be played if possible, with no requirement to raise. A player who does not have a card of the suit called can play any card. There is no trump. The highest card of the suit called takes the trick.



Example of the beginning of a hand with 3 players:

Peter took the 5 of Dwarves in the previous hand. He becomes the dealer for this hand. He draws a special card (the Dragon), shuffles it in with the rest of the cards and deals 13 cards to each player (remember, this is a 3-player game).

Bruno gets the 5 of Knights. So he draws the top Quest tile and the scoring rule he chooses for this hand is: "Knights victory over Dwarves: +1 Point per Knight, -1 point per Dwarf". It means that each Knight card taken will earn 1 Point whereas each Dwarf card taken will make players lose 1 Point.



Catie has the 5 of Goblins so she plays first. She plays a 3 of Dwarves. All the players must play Dwarf if they have some. Peter plays a 4 of Dwarves. As Bruno has no Dwarf in hand, he can play whatever he wants instead and chooses to get rid of the King of Goblins.

Peter takes the trick (he had to play Dwarf and his 4 of Dwarves beats Catie's 3 of Dwarves ; Bruno's card, the King of Goblins, could not take the trick, since it was not of the called suit) and so leads the next trick.



Scoring points

Points are scored and added up after each hand.

Once the last trick is played (the players have no more cards in hand), they count how many points they scored during the hand. Depending on the scoring rule that was chosen, cards taken in the tricks will make them win or lose points.

Finally, the Quest tile and the special



card used when the cards were dealt are removed from the game. The next hand will use a new special card and a new Quest tile.

Important: magic special cards have neither suit nor value when score is determined. Therefore, they do not provide any points.

Example:

The victory condition chosen for this hand is: "Knights victory over Dwarves: +1 Point per Knight, -1 point per Dwarf".

At the end of this hand, each player looks at the cards collected in taken tricks and determines the corresponding score:

*Catie has 6 Dwarf cards and no Knight card. So she loses **6 points** (-1 point per Dwarf, as announced by the quest).*

*Bruno has 5 Knight cards and 1 Dwarf card. He scores **4 points** (+5 for the Knights, -1 for the Dwarf).*

*Pierre has 8 Knight cards and 6 Dwarf cards. So he scores **2 points** (+8 for the Knights, -6 for the Dwarves).*

Scores are: Bruno, 4 points ; Pierre, 2 points ; Catie, -6 points.

Value of the cards

The ranking of the cards is as follows (from highest, the Champion, to lowest, the 1):

A – Champion

K – King

Q – Queen

J – Jack

(11) – Special cards only

10

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

(1) – Special cards only



Magic special cards have neither suit nor value. Their suit and rank depend on the circumstances in which they are played (and then forgotten).

Reminder: when scores are determined from the tricks taken by the players, these cards return to having neither suit nor value.

Victory

The player who scored the most points after **seven hands** is the winner. It is quite possible for a player with the least negative points to win (if the players frequently chose goals that earned negative points on the Quest cards). In case of a draw, additional hands are played until there is only one winner.

Credits:

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